appreciation of our labors. Who does not feel en-couraged, and strengthened, and refreshed, when his efforts are appreciated by men of sense and talent, and who have carved out for themselves reputations honorable and enviable—who have won golden opinions," and deservedly rank among myn of mark and influence? We are proud that we have elicited the encomiums of such men, and the pride and pleasure we feel is enhanced by the sciousness that we have striven hard to deserve If there be any virtue in industry and application, and in the exercise of those talents which God has given us in a right direction—if to resist opsion and defy persecution, to endure scorn, umely, and contempt—to suffer hardships and tion even to the extent of going hungry to privation even to the extent of going hungry to bed, cheerless—but, thank God, never hopeless— rising in the morning with increased ardor, and going to work with renewed zeal in the cause of American principles, determined, come what might, to oppose and expose the tyrannous exercise of power by a bastard Democracy allied with foreign despots, a bost of crawling, sneaking pimps and vampires, lusting for office and thirsting for blood if to do this, and to glory in the doing of it, be deserving of compliment and commendation, we are entitled to it, and we receive it in the spirit in

which it is tendered—honestly.

To Americans throughout the land, we say, we intended not merely to merit your commendations, but your warm, hearty, and generous support.

CITY COUNCILS. - In the Board of Aldermen John D. Clark was nominated and confirmed police magistrate for the third district. Charles Steadman, Thomas Lawson, and others, were authoriz to construct a sewer in the centre of F and Fourth streets. The Mayor was authorized to offer a re-ward of \$100 for the arrest of such persons as might be convicted of setting fire to the house occupied by the American Hook and Ladder Company.

Mr. Moore alluded, at length, to the remarks of the Alderman from the Seventh Ward last week, in relation to the financial condition of the Corporation, making it appear that there was an excess of revenue of \$17,578 04, instead of a balance again it the Corporation.

Mr. Smith was very much gratified that the

Board had at last obtained a statement, which, if true, they had long been in want of. The thanks of the Board were due to the gentleman from the

clerk if they deem it necessary.

The resolution was lost—ayes 5, noes 9.

Mr. Lloyd moved to print the resolution with the

DEATH OF CAPT. TATE .- With unfeigned regret we record the death of Joseph B. Tate. He died at his residence on Tuesday, aged 35 years. In every station which he was called upon to fill, he was alike noted for his industry, his ability, and his unimpeached integrity—winning not only the confi-dence, but the love of all who had occasion to have asiness relations with him. His loss will be most seply felt in that home which his death leaves late. At the domestic fireside, especially did he display amiable traits of character and domestic virtues, which secured the confidence and attachment of all who knew him. A devoted wife hi stered to him during the long, lingering course of his insidious disease, and he also leaves children to whom he was devotedly attached. May that Providence, which "tempereth the wind to the shorn lamb" watch over them in their breavement.

THE WAY THE CAT JUMPS.—Last week one of cubest teachers in one of the public schools received a note from one of the Trustees, stating that she withstanding the rule which limits the number of those under instruction, and also the fact that more than fifty were children already awaiting their turns. What adds still more to the hardship of the case, is, that the parent of these children is able to pay for their instruction. We believe the rule admits of no discrimination, but if any be made, it would seem to require a discrimina in favor of those who are unable to pay.

THE LORD'S PRAYER.-We have been present with a beautifully illustrated copy of the Lord's Prayer and Ten Commandments. It is, indeed, beautiful. Every child ought to have a copy, apropriately framed-a copy that should be exclutheir own, so that they might call it "my Prayer." The friend who purchased and sent us this beautiful Prayer, will please accept our thanks and best wishes for the happiness and prosperity of himself and family. May the Lord's Prayer be the prayer of his children.

LECTURE.—The Lecture of Mr. Noble, at the Sixth Church, Island, on Sunday efterneon last, was fully equal to any of the series as yet delivered. The Lecture on to-morrow, at half past three o'clock, will embrace the introduction of Jesus to his min istry among men by the rite of Baptism, a description of the scenery around and about the river Jordan, and the character of John the Baptist.

Frag. -Dr. Maynard's stable, near the inters tion of L street and Pennsylvania avenue, was destroyed by fire on Friday night. Carriages and horses saved. There were only two companies on the ground, the Union and Western Hose. The hose of the Union Company, on account of the exposed condition of their Engine House, is per-fectly unfit for use. Why do not the Councils cake an appropriation in aid of this company.

On MONDAY, an altercation occurred on Penn sylvania avenue, between a negro and an Irishman. The Irishman was severely, perhaps fatally, stabbed

A MAN named Henry Martin was arrested on anday last, in the First Ward, for assault and attery with intent to kill, upon a man named agustus Norton. The attack was made near the tagustus Norton. Sunday last, in the First Ward, for assault and battery with intent to kill, upon a man named

tion held in Alexandria last Monday, the whole American ticket was successful by a handsome

They could not agree. They stood seven in favor of a verdict for murder in the first degree, and five

THE Auxiliary Guard numbers but thirty-or

[From the St. Louis Democrat, Feb. 22.] PACIFIC HOTEL CATASTROPHE. Particulars of the Burning of the Pacific Hote

in St. Louis.

The morning of the 20th of February, 1858, is made painfully memorable in the history of this city by the occurrence of one of the most beartrending of mortal calamities. A thronged hotel, the wearied and travel sore inmates of which were at the time sunk in the deepest slumbers of night, at that sad date took fire and burned around and among them with the swiftness of doom. The fearful total of the accruing horrors cannot yet be told, and probably months will elapse before the fate of loved ones whose forms are now too charred to be known if found, and the last inscribed record of whose names has perished, can be satisfactorily ascertained.

Scarcely less than eighty persons can have retired to the rooms of the Pacific Hotel, then standing on Seventh and Poplar streets, on last Friday night. It is too certain that an unusually large number of guests had that evening arrived on the Pacific train, who supped and took rooms at this doomed hotel.

At about three o'clock in the morning, watchmen at Centre and Seventh streets, a square southward, detected the fire light of a burning building reflected from the rear walls of the structures on Sixth street and in the rear of the Pacific house. Hurrying to the scene they found the entire rear of the hotel wranped in razing flames. The edifice

Hurrying to the scene they found the entire rear of the hotel wrapped in raging flames. The edifice was of three stories, and had eighty feet of front, with a depth of forty or fifty feet on Poplar street. The rese walls were of wood, and had ignited with

astonishing suddenness and rapidity—since an officer had passed there fifteen minutes before.

Aside from the crackling and roaring of the
fierce flame, the stillness of the grave reigned in
the hotel. The watchman thundered and yelled at ferce flame, the stillness of the grave reigned in for the fourth Ward for the information which they had long vainly sought from the Mayor.

If we are not mistaken, the Alderman from the Seventh Ward will have some rich developments to make on Monday night next. We invite the people to go and hear them.

In the lower Board the following bills were passed: To pay additional police officers. Joint resolution asking Congress to grade and gravel Virginia arenue.

Mr. Lloyd introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire—1st. Why the law for uniforming the police was not carried into effect?

3d. Why a report of the financial condition of the city cannot be obtained from the Mayor, and the cause of failure?

3d. Why a report of the financial condition of the city cannot be obtained from the Mayor, and the cause of fedlay?

4th. To report the financial condition of the city and its outstanting liabilities?

And the committee is authorized to employ a clerk if they deem it necessary.

The resolution was lost—ayes 5, noes 9.

The resolution was lost—ayes 5, noes third story windows. And so swittly had the horror grown, that scarce a dozen persons had yet gathered to the rescue. Ladders there were none, and the frantically imploring victims at the windows were already writhing with almost intolerable heat. Others, sufficiented in their rooms, were at this very time, as the sequel too surely p oves,

heat. Others, sufformed in their rooms, were at this very time, so the sequel too surely p oves, actually being broiled and roasted in their beds. Others, still, stung from sleep by the greedy flame, darted from their couches through the windows, while still others, with scarcely less haste, made, for the most part, ineffectual efforts to descend with safety. The dead and maimed were picked up and conveyed from the scene—the still living to the Sisters' hospital.

Mr. H. Hubbard, and wife, of Boston, were en the third floor. Mrs. Hubbard awoke in such pain that she only waked her busband before plunging hoadlong out of the window. He instantly followed, and fell on the icy pavement near her. She had a leg fractured twice, a knee dislocated, and her lower jaw broken in two places. She was removed to the hospital and still survives. He had the left ancle and hip joints dislocated, and the forehead badly contraced.

A gentleman, who proves to have been Mr. Jos. Jones, called from the third story to those below

Jones, called from the third story to those below on Poplar street, to look out for a lady and three down a mattress, begging them to catch her upon it. They had not well adjusted it when it was knocked from their grasp by the fall of the lady, with the mattress, and then the pavement. She was sent to the Sisters' Hospital, and still survives. 'Her child was taken to the depot opposite, and

Miss Mary Hunter, formerly of Kentucky, having

first been badly burned, jumped from the second story. She was taken up a corpse.

Elihu Hays, a Wisconsin stranger, was picked up with a broken thigh and head. His recovery is hoped for, but is doubtful.

Mr. Thomas Hart Strong, a member of the Strong.

hoped for, but is doubtful.

Mr. Thomas Hart Strong, a member of the St.
Louis bar, jumped from a third floor window in the
rear and was lying belpless on a narrow space between two cellar-entrances, when two others jumped
upon him—there being no other place for them to
leap without going into the cellar. He was taken,
still living, to the hospital, but soon died. Wil
liam Torrence, one of the persons who leaped upon
him, escaped with a strained ancle.

M.jor J. Wagner, a Hungari in by birth, well
known as the able typegrapher of St. Louis county,
is known to have perished. He retired at night to
his room at the hotel, and is since missing.

Mr.J. F. Geary, local reporter for the "Leader."

Mr. J. F. Geary, local reporter for the "Leader,

makes the following statement: "My wife was very sick last evening; so much so that I, staying at home with her, was unable to attend at the of fice. I then sat with her all night, dozing in a chair. Early in the morning—I cannot say at what time—I was awakened by a suffocating smell, as of fire. I took no notice of this at the time, supposing that the servants were lighting the fires. So ortly after, however, I heard some one running over the house shouting "fire." I told my wife to lie still, while I should go down and see what was the matter. When I got some way down the stairs, the smoke overpowered me for a moment. Recovering, I went up stairs to my room, which was No. 10, got a shawl, which Mrs. G. put around her. I then hed her down. The smoke was so dense now that she was all but suffocating. She fell down. I then dragged her out, and left her in the custody of some one who promised to take her off safely. I returned to get my little girl, (Florence Geary.) To get to her I was obliged to get through the fire, which cut off our return by the stairs. I got her to the window, then threw a mattress on the balcony; on this I let her fall, jumping after her. The fire now seemed to be coming out of the windows, and apprehending danger in this position, I called out to those who were on the pavement, threw the mattress to the ground, and again dropped the child upon it. At this moment some one placed a ladder against the makes the following statement: "My wife was very sick last evening; so much so that I, staying

Augustus Norton. The attack was made near the toll-gate on Seventh street. Another individual named Cross assisted in this bloody business. We have not heard of his arrest. Martin was sent to jail in default of bail.

The Would it not be well for Charitable Institutions, and those instructed in the management of societies for the benefit of the poor, to give certificates of authortity to those whom they entrust with the collection of money for disbursement. People would feel better satisfied that the money given by them would be applied to a proper use.

Robbery.—Munck's shop, on Sixth street, was entered on Saturday night, and robbed of several valuable fowling pieces, revolvers, and rifles. Mr. Munck offers a reward of \$50 for the airest of the rascals.

Alexandria Election.—At the municipal election held in Alexandria last Monday, the whole American ticket was successful by a handsome majority.

William V. Smith, a young man, member of the matter that Mrs. Jones and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and her child, we call the next room to mine, asleep, and her child were in the next room to mine, asleep, and the reliad were in the next room to mine, asleep, and ther cellar, remember og sevent traveling store, as s

harmed.

William V. Smith, a young man, member of the day police, boarded at the hotel, and displayed a creditable coolness and intrepidity. Adroitly getting from the dining room window to the porch, he saved himself, and a child three years of age, by tying a sheet to the balcony and descending upon it.

by tying a sheet to the balcony and descending upon it.

Dr. D. W. Stader made the following statement: I have a dog that has been in the habit of acting as watch for me during a great number of years. He has, when passengers have arrived at night, or when any noise has been made in or about the house, always given the alarm. This morning he barked very loud; a little after he came to the door and continued his noise, whereupon I got up and went to see what was the matter. The flaxics were then coming from the back entrance of the house, up from the drug store, I think. I tried to get to the fire plug, but seeing that the fire had made too great headway for that to serve any useful purpose, I ran to the third floor and halloed through there as loud as I could. Mr. Davis, who had been sleeping with me, also came up stairs and assisted me to awaken the people. I then, supposing I must have awakened everybody, went through the window, which I broke through, on to the balcony. I suppose there must be between twenty and thirty lives lost. A Miss Hunter was sleeping in No 11, a room adjoining the corner; she jumped out and was killed. William Torrance, a young man, was badly burned. George Crane, a brother of Miss Crane, of this city, was undoubtedly burned to death, and Charles Davis, and a boy who was with him, were burned up. They slept in room No. 23.

Mary F. Morris had, when about to escape, \$300

in room No. 23.

Mary F. Morris had, when about to escape, \$200 in money. Her aunt called to her to save a child of Mr. Lyons', whereupon she dropped the money. My family consisted of myself, wife, sister-in-law, and three chil fren; all were saved, but with the loss of everything.

and three chil ren; all were saved, but with the loss of everything.

Chas. Davis, reported above, was baggage master on the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad, and arrived on Friday evening with his wife's brother, Wm. Canningham, a lid of fourteen years. Both are doubtless dead. The former had a wife and child at Tayra Haute.

are doubtless dead. The former had a wife and child at Terre Haute.

A shirt bosom was found, on which is the name of R. W. Gregg, who was accordingly supposed to be among the victims. It since appears that Mr. Gregg is still living, in Illinois, having lately left the hotel, but without taking with him his trunk and clothes.

Six bodies, or what were once such, were taken from the ruins on Saturday, and three more were found yesterday. These and those killed by leaping, number thirteen. Others are reported still

Since writing the above we learn that the body of H. H. Rochester, Green county, N. Y., has been found. It is identified by letters, among which is the grant to him of the power of attorney, dated October 25th, 1857. He was last seen with his trunk upon his shoulder endeavoring to obtain egress from the house. The body was found in the cellar, to which he had apparently fallen head

first.
Mr. Ephraim Doane arrived on Friday evening from Chicago. His body is found, being recog-nized by a letter found unburnt beneath his per-son, and a patent right issued to Ephraim Doane and Wm. S. Farmer.

On a third body was found a piece of cloth, on which was written in indellible ink the name of Evan J. Watkins. On his breast was a breastpin,

Evan J. Watkins. On his breast was a breastpin, with a compass and square upon it.

The negro Paul, of Mr. Wheaton, is not dead, as reported, having escaped with little harm.

A plan of the hotel, with the number and occupants of rooms, so far as known, has been made, and the numbers in the hotel are estimated at seventy-one or two. Of these, forty-four are now known to have escaped undurt or but slightly in-jured. Nine others are known to have received serious, some of them probably fatal i juries. Eighteen remaining, thirteen of these are corpses. Four or five persons are yet certainly missing, and

vory probably more.

An old gentleman known as Dr. Lord, of Cincinnati, occupied room No. 16, and is doubtless among the lost. He leaves a wife and son at Cin-

The fire is now known not to have originated is

The fire is now known not to have originated in the drug store. The result of the investigation into its source will be made public.

The hotel was completed in January, 1857, and owned by Geo. B. Field, who valued it at \$20,000. It was first lessed to Dr. Strader, who opened it in June, in partnership with Jacob Lyons.

The basements were drinking saloons, the first floor was appropriated as stores, the second story composed the hotel office, ladies' parlor, dining room, and some skepping rooms, while the third story was divided into dormitories by lath and plaster. The house would accommodate one hun-

plaster. The house would accommodate one hun-dred and twenty guests.

The following are the estimated losses of pro-Ellis & Glanville, grocers, loss \$3,500; in nt G. Jones, dry goods, loss \$1,500; in-

red. \$1,500. Lyons & Strader, hotel keepers, loss from \$3,500 to \$5,000; no insurance.
Mr. Hirsch, dry goods, loss \$4,500; insurance,

were between them at the fire; thinking they were better protected, I left them till last; when I went to them I met the flame and scorched my hair; my family were all asleep, but I got them safe out; the porter and the dining room boys I had to pull by the hair; my own room door I had left open; I was accustomed to watch part of the night, but the watch was then Mr. Sharpe's; I afterwards I arned that Sharpe lay asleep on the sofa; when I discovered the fire it was making its way up from the passage to the rear; can form no opinion as to whether the fire originated in the drug store or not; the whole rear part of the house was covered in with boards; think not five minutes elapsed from the moment I took the alarm till the whole house was on fire; it went almost like powder; the fire came bursting up the stairs, which were made of light pine wood; I lost all my clothes; remember but few of the persons in the house; was wholly uninsured; think the watchman was drunk that night; he was in the habit of drinking deep but was usually faithful at night; an occupant of room No. 16 was drunk that night; and did not get home, and thus saved his life; the front entrance of the hotel was cut off from the drug store, and partitioned from it by boards only; I dascharged two servants about two weeks ago in consequence of an altercation which rose among the servants; I think they were good honest boys who would not do such a thing as to fire a house; I did not keep the books; they were all lost; from seventy-five to one hundred persons were in the hotel.

Samuel J. Gordon testified—I was clerk in the store; I slept there; was first waked by the tramping of feet overhead and the alarm above; I got

Samuel J. Gordon testified—I was clerk in the store; I slept there; was first waked by the tramping of feet overhead and the alarm above; I got up and went to the front door, and saw the light from the fire; then I returned to my room in the back part, got my trunk and brought it out; there was then no fire in the store, but I saw a light out of the back windows; took the trank out and placed it opposite the hardware store near, and went back; I now found that the steps over the front of the store—the hotel stairs—were all on fire; I was afraid they would fall, and so did not go in; cannot say where the fire began; first saw the light in front, and two men were coming down stairs; think the fire must have swept right through

See how he laughs, and crows, and starcs, the light in front, and two men were coming down stairs; think the fire must have swept right through the house; the stairs were of light boards, and if on fire would soon fire the store; we had half a barrel of spirit gas, some turpentine and varnish, and such chemicals as are usually in a drug store; I had been but three days there; heard no explosion during the fire; the fire could not have originated in the drug store.

Geo. W. Hill testified—Am a member of Birch's minstrels; boarded at the hotel; had been to the theatre after performance; thence went to the Townsley house, and from there home, in company with Mr. Jones; it was then about one o'clock; Mr. Jones went up stairs, and I sat sometime sinoking by the fire in the office; went to my room, the same in which Dr. Strader was, at about half-past one A. M.; there was fire on the hearth and in the stove; left no one at the fire; afterwards I was aroused by the barking of the dog and by Dr. Strader calling fire; by the time I had drawn on my boots the fire was rapidly coming the room I was in; Mr. Casidy, also a member of the troupe, was in the room, but got out a little before me; I found the flames passing the door, and was obliged to rush through them; got to the street door and kicked at the drug store, being told that some one slept there; the door was opened by a person who also propped it back; he then went back, I presume to his room; I looked in the drug store and awa no fire there; could not say where the fire originated; first saw it coming up the st. irway leading to the rore; he door was opened by a person who also propped it back; he then went back, I presume to his room; I looked in the drug store and saw no fire there; could not say where the fire originated; the saw it coming up the st. irway leading to the rore; the door was opened by a person who also propped it back; he then went back, I presume to his room; I looked in the drug store, the proper is the trong the rore of originated; first saw i

have not since seen Taylor, but heard that he was burned up; two others of our company boarded at the hotel; Mr. Beyee was not at home that night; I think the most of those burned are strangers; was at supper that night, and should judge that from ninety to one hundred were at supper—more than usual; the gas lit in the hall when we came in; there was a burner from the ceiling and one or two from the wall; when I got out I assisted Dr. Strader in getting his family out; have been in a house on fire, but never saw a fire so rapid; never saw Sharpe drunk before; have heard no threats made against the proprietor; the front hall door was always open; before knocking at the drug store door I heard a fall at the head of the stairs, and went up and found it was Sharpe; his clothes were crisped and his hair was burned off; I think he might have got out easily and safely if he had not been drunk.

It appears that the Pacific Hotel disaster—

It appears that the

It appears that the Pacific Hotel disaster-

St. Louis News says: met Taylor in the street, and, in conversaon with him, Taylor stated that Doane had \$4,000

i his room.
"At two o'clock the same morning, Taylor went "At two o clock the same morning, laylor went to the Pacific Hotel and went to bed. At a quarter past three o'clock, he went to the Townsley House and took a beed for the night, and slept there. He had no boots on at the time. In the morning the the best chance for his escape, had he been alive. When his remains were recovered, they were upon the bed on which he had slept, and it was saturated with blood. There were other unmistakable indications that he had been murdered.

"Taking all these circumstances into considers ion, suspicion rested so strongly upon Taylor, that ne was arrested on the charge of murder and

"Dr. D. W. Strader, the landlord of the Hotel, was its reputed proprietor, but it now appears that he had not a dollar of interest in it; but that it belonged to persons with whom the Doctor was at feud. He, also, has therefore been arrested on the charge of conspiring with Taylor in the perpetration of this demoniacal act."

WAKE UP, IDLER. "Wake up, wake up, you sleepy fellow! manhood. So wake up, wake up, my lad, and \$3,659,452.

The New York weekly bank statement shows go to work, and study with hearty good-will." You don't want to wake up! I suppose not.

never knew an idler who did, unless he was of New Orleans have \$11,065,597 in specie, nungry; and then, after eating his dinner, he whilst their circulation is only \$5,254,181 would fall to gaping like a sick chicken. But you must wake up, or be a poor pitiful drone all your life. And mark me idlenose is a hard all your life. And mark me, idleness is a hard and steamer Orizaba. The through fares by this line are reduced to \$200 in the first cabin all your life. And mark me, idleness is a hard with rags, lodge you in a shanty, and at last \$150 in the second cabin, and \$100 in the send you to the alms-house to die. Then they steerage. will bury you, singing:

"Rattle his bones over the stones: It's only a pauper whom nobody owns,"

You don't like such a prospect! Very well then. Wake up. Open your eyes wide. Cast off your chains. Go to work. Put that tumbled drawer to rights. Hang up the clothes in that chaotic closet. Pick up those books. Learn those lessons. Off to school with you, bright and early. Be wide awake. Work hard, and dleness will let go its grasp, and you will be omebody by and by. You will make your nark on the world for good.

What say you, idlers, to this advice? Will you take it? You will? Good! "Here, Sergeant Worthy, just enlist these penitent idlers into the Try Company!"

The United States sloop-of-war Dale, Commander William McBlair, sailed from St. Hel-na January 4th, for the coast of Africa. The United States sloop-of-war Decatur, Captain Thatcher, remained at Panama on the 19th of February. Crew all well. The steam-frigate Merrimac was daily expected at Panama on the 19th ultimo. THE FATHER IS COMING.

BY MARY HOWITT.

The clock is on the stroke of six, The father's work is done; Sweep up the hearth and mend the fire, And put the kettle on! The wild night-wind is blowing cold, Tis dreary crossing o'er the wold.

He's crossing o'er the wold apace, He's stronger than the storm; He does not feel the cold, not he, His heart it is so warm; For father's heart is stout and true

He makes all toil, all hardship, light :-So ready to be pleased, so kind, So very slow to blame! -Folks need not be unkind, austere For love hath readier will than fear!

-Stay, do not close the shutter, child. For far along the lane The little window looks, and he Can see it shining plain; I've heard him say he loves to mark The cheerful fire-light through the dark.

And we'll do all that father likes! His wishes are so few-Would they were more! that every hour Some wish of his I knew! I'm sure it makes a happy day When I can please him any way!

-I know he's coming by this sign That baby's almost wild : See how he laughs, and crows, and stares, Heaven bless the merry child!

city election yesterday pa-sed off harmoniously though greater interest than usual was manifested, and the aldermanic vote was very

and the Opposition two.

It is stated in a dispatch to the Baltime an account of which is given above—was the Sun that dispatches received yesterday at the result of the most diabolical incendiarism. The War Department, show an absolute necessity that supplies should reach the Utah army u St. Louis News says:

"It seems that Mr. Doane, one of the unfortunates who was supposed to have lost his life by the fire, and whose remains were recovered from the transportation of the unfortunates who was supposed to have lost his life by the fire, and whose remains were recovered from the transport dispersion of the unfortunate who was supposed to have lost his life by the companies two hundred and six wagons, with the companies the unfortunate who have the companies the unfortunate who have the companies the unfortunate who have the unfortunate who have the unfortunate who have the unfortunate who was supposed to have lost his life by the this view, General Scott has issued an order to organize two hundred and six wagons, with djoining that usually occupied by a man named The train will start as early as the 10th instant Charles L. Taylor alias Sanders, and separated with an escort of seven companies. An order from it by a board petition, reaching only part of the way to the ceiling. About one o'clock on the morning of the fire, the watchman of the Pacific Horal met Taylor in the streat and in account. orders have been sent by telegraph to Boonville, and thence will be conveyed by express mes-

sengers.

A St. Louis dispatch of yesterday is as fol-

lows:
"The Santa Fe mail has arrived. Captain Marcy reached that vicinity on the 2d ultimo.
The trip was attended with the loss of a muler bed in which he slept was found considerably stained with blood, and no wound was on the person of Taylor. The room at the Pacific Hotel occupied by Doane was in a part of the building affording the best chance for his escape, had he been alive. Johnston in possession of the means of transpor-tation to Utah much earlier in the spring than supplies can reach him from the States.

"A difficulty occurred between Surveyor Kelly's party and the Mexicans, near Alber-, in which two of the latter were killed. querque, in which two of the latter were killed.
"Mr. Hockaday, district attorney of Utah, has arrived here. The Government dispatches deny that the troops at Camp Scott are on half rations. A New York dispatch of yesterday is as fol-

lows: "A Havana letter says that Santa Anna i expected from St. Thomas, and will proceed to Mexico in a Spanish war steamer, to assume the Presidency of Mexico for the last time." "Wake up, wake up, you sleepy fellow! If

The receipts from customs in New York in

You waste your young days in idle slumber, you

Hebruary, 1857, were \$5,142,822; in February, 1858, \$1,483,370; showing a decrease of

a specie reserve of \$31,658,694, the highest amount ever held by the city banks. The banks

LAW NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ATTEND THE Circuit and Criminal Courts of this District, and the Court of Claims, and will promptly perform such professional duties as may be entrusted to his

charge
His office, at present, is at the southwest corner of
Eleventh and "I" fronting New York avenue.

An 14-tf
V. ELLIS.

Au 14-tf

hose in want of

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS. C. R. L. CROWN & CO. H AVING received a large and well-selected stock for the Fall trade, invites Housekeepers and

FURNITURE OR CROCKERY WARE. examine their stock, as they are determined to sel examine their series, suit the times.
Such that the sum of this District taken at par.
C. R. L. CROWN & Co.,
No. 867, corner of 6th and Pa. av.

ELVANS & THOMPSON, 326 Penn. Av. between 9th and 10th Sts. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dealers in Coach and Cabinet Hardware, Carriage Dry Goods, Bar Iron and Steel, Cutlery, &c., &c. A well assorted stock of goods in their line of trade is offered to city and country consumers at low pricer The following remedies are offered to the public as the best, most perfect, which medical science can afford. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS have been pre-

afford. Area's Catharite Pills have been profession of this age possesses, and their effects show they have virtues which surpass any combination of medicines hitherto known. Other preparations do the control of the combination of medicines hitherto known. Other preparations on the combination of the combination of

Z. D. Gilman, Washington,

And by all dealers in medicine everywhere.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

CONSUMPTION AND ALL the LUNGS and THROAT CAN BE

CURED BY INHALATION. WHICH CONVEYS THE REMEDIES TO THE cavities in the lungs, through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutubercular matter, allays the cough, cause free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purities the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the ner a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent, in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this feaful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it sparces neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike, the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate Being from whom cometh every good and erfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumation. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire ystem. Then surely it is more rational to expect good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead. The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul airis this not positive evidence that proper remedies.

ly detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is this not positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years practice many thousands, suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tuberles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and applying proper remedies, rarely being mistaken evu in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted cheets, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of

to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure

would be more certain if the patient should pffy me a visit, which would give an opportunity to examine the lungs, and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again. All letters asking advice must contain a postage stamp.

ADDHESS

ADDRESS G. W. GRAHAM, M. D., BOX No. 58. Office, 1131 Filbert Street, Old No. 109, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

A NGEL & BERON, HOUSE AND SIGN PAIN".

Signs neatly and cheaply painted. House painting promptly and satisfactorily executed. Call and see us. You will find us always ready to attend to the wishes of customers, and anxious to satisfy and please them.

n25—tf

JAMES H. MOORE, GROCER, Corner Twelfth and C atreets, Island, has always on hand a fresh supply of Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Butter, Cheese, Lard, and all other articless of consumption usually found in Grecery establishments.

THE SPORTSMAN'S WAREHOUSE. TUCKER & Co. have now open for the inspection of the citizens of Washington and vicinity the largest and best selected stock of Sporting Goods they have ever offered. They would

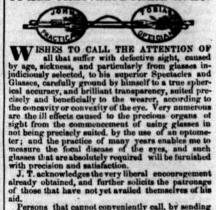
FOWLING PIECES, single and double barrels, And other manufacturers', of every grade.
Hawksley's, Dixon's, and other Shot Pouches, Powder Flasks

Calla, &c.
Materials, of every description
of goods we will offer at very low price.
E. TUCKEF & CO.,
321 Pennaylyania avenue,
between Sixth and Seventh streets All of which good PINE WATCHES, RICH JEWELRY,

AND STANDARD SILVERWARE. O. HOOD kerps constantly on hand, and is choice styles of best quality GOLD JEWELRY. Also, the most celebrated Time-keeping WATCHES in Gold and Silver Cases, is manufacturing, on bis own premises, every description of STANDARD SILVERWARE, (warranted coin,) and is selling all the above, and every variety of other fine goods in his line, at the very lowest New York City prices.

Those who are about to make their purchases would do well to call at \$38 Pennsylvania avenue, sign of the

LARGE SPREAD EAGLE. TO ALL THATVALUE THEIR SIGHT.



aid.

Persons that cannot conveniently call, by sending
the glasses in use, and stating how many inches they
can read this priot with their spectacles, can be supplied with such that will improve their sight.

Circulars to be had gratis, at his office, No. 512
Seventh street, three doors from Odd Fellows' Hall,
us stairs

p stairs.

Innumerable testimonials to be seen, and references given to many who have derived the greatest ase and comfort from his glasses. WILMINGTON, N. C., June 16, 1854.

To persons who have had the sight of their eyes so impaired as to require the use of Glasses, I would recommend Mr. John Tobias as a suitable person from whom to obtain such Glasses as they may re-

from whom to obtain such Glasses as they may require, as he has suited me with a pair of Spectacles for a far and near sight. My sight has been impaired very much by a service of years in the Post Office Department, which berth required me to be on duty from 11 o'clock at night till after day, during which time I used but one light.

W. A. WALKER. W. A. WALKER.

W. A. WALKER.

BROOKLYN ORTHOPARDIC INSTITUTION,
April, 1854.

After most careful examination of Mr. J. Tobias's
Glasses, I am enabled to testify that their hardness,
clearness, polishing, and exact optical shape, render
them particularly recommendable to those whose
merely optical impairment of the eyes are in want
of such auxiliaries. I consider, moreover, Mr. Tobias
fully qualified to determine the focus of the eye, both
by his optical knowledge and experience, and by
means of his optome'er. In addition, I can further
state, that Mr. Tobias has supplied some of my patients-with Glasses, to their and my entire satisfaction.

Louis Baues, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, Berlin; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England; Member of the Medical Sciety of London, and of the Pathological Society of New York; late Surgeon of the Royal Orthopsedic Institution of Manchester, England, and Surgeon of the B. O. Institution.

Copy of a testimonial which appeared in the Dail merican Organ, May 21, 1855, from Judge V. Ellis

Gopy of a testimonia which appeared in the Dall'American Organ, May 21, 1855, from Judge V. Ellis, (late editor:)
"Having suffered for many years past with weakness of the eyes, and that defect of vision which results from a too constant and interese use of these sensitive organs, we were led to make a trial of Tobias's new and improved discovery for the eyes, whose name heads this article. We saw them recommended by sundry gentlemen of Virginia, whom we know, and therefore had less hesitation in making the experiment. We are more than pleased with the article. We read with less fatigue with these lens than any we had ever tried before; and we see more distinctly with them. Without neaning to disparage the claims of others who have made improvements in Spectacle Lens, we deem it but just to make the above statement. Mr. Tobias resides on Seventh street, opposite the National Intelligencer office."

LYNCHBURG, Nov. 1, 1854.

From an examination of Mr. Tobias's Glasses, and from his observations and remarks, am convinced that he is a skilful optician.

J. BLACKFORD, M. D.

Nonfolk, Va., July 27, 1854.

In the experience of even two years, I have found great difficulty in obtaining Spectacles that were exactly adapted to the weakness of my sight. This inconvenience Mr. Tobias seems to have removed for the present by the substitution for me of better and more suitable Glasses. They are clear, crystalike, and comfort able to my eyes. I would commend him to those who, from age or other infirmity, require artificial aid in this way. need him to those who, it is way.

equire artificial aid in this way.

J. J. SINKINS, M. D.

Sin: The pair of spectacles you furnished me yesterday are particularly satisfactory to me. They are very decidedly the best I possess, and I am the owner of eight or nine pairs, carefully selected in different places, and from opticians recommended to me on account of their professional standing in France, England, and the United States. I have been also pleased with your remarks and directions on the treatment of the eyes for the purpose of preserving and improving the sight.

Respectfully yours, Chas. Caldwell, Mr. J. Tobias.

Mr. J. Tobias. Washington, Aug. 8, 1855. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3, 1800.

Having been for years under the necessity of having two seus of glasses—one for use in the daylight, and one for lamp light—I procured one set from Mr.

Tobias which answered both purposes. I have used his for soveral months, and find them excellent.

About five years ago, I obtained from Mr. Tobias, in Washington, a pair of Glasses for the Spectacles which I used, and found them of great assistance to my decaying vision; and my opinion of him is that he is skillul in the preparation of glasses for eyes not too far gone to be benefitted by such aid.